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2. AVC-Lan - how it work ?

2.1 Transmission layer

AVCLan is based on **IE-Bus (Electrical Interface Bus)** defined by NEC. [IEbus Description](#)
Devices made by NEC are very difficult (or just impossible) to purchase, so we need build own receiver for talking to AVC network. The NEC public datasheet for uProcessor and receiver where are informations how to IE-Bus work.

[datasheet 1](#) [datasheet 2](#)
[WIKI infopage](#)

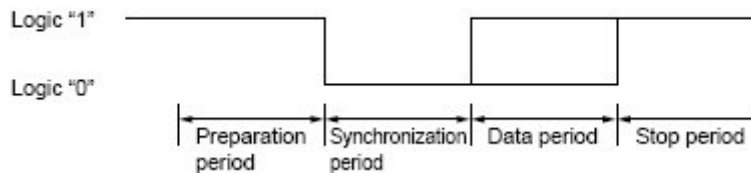
Most important informations:

IEBus Transmission Signal Format

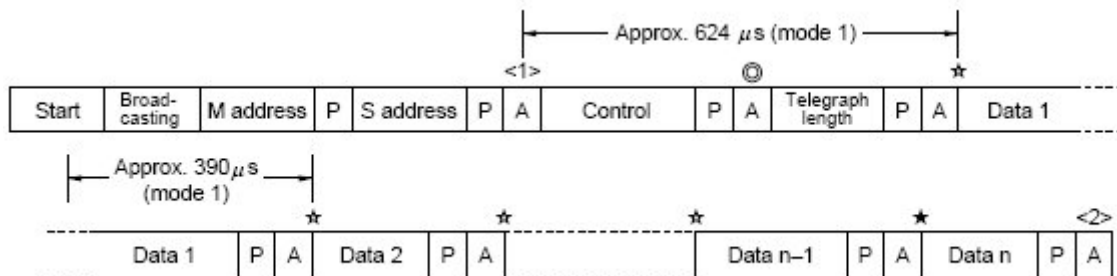
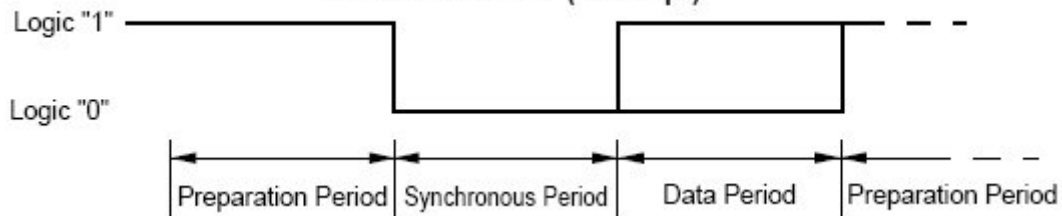
| Header | | Master address field | | Slave address field | | Control field | | Telegraph length field | | Data field | | | | | | | | |
|-----------|-------------------|----------------------|---|---------------------|---|---------------|-------------|------------------------|---|-----------------------|---|---|----------|---|---|----------|---|---|
| Start bit | Broad-casting bit | Master address bit | P | Slave address bit | P | A | Control bit | P | A | Tele-graph length bit | P | A | Data bit | P | A | Data bit | P | A |

1. P: Parity bit, A: $\overline{\text{ACK/NACK}}$ bit
2. The master station ignores the acknowledge bit during broadcasting communication.

Bit Format of IEbus



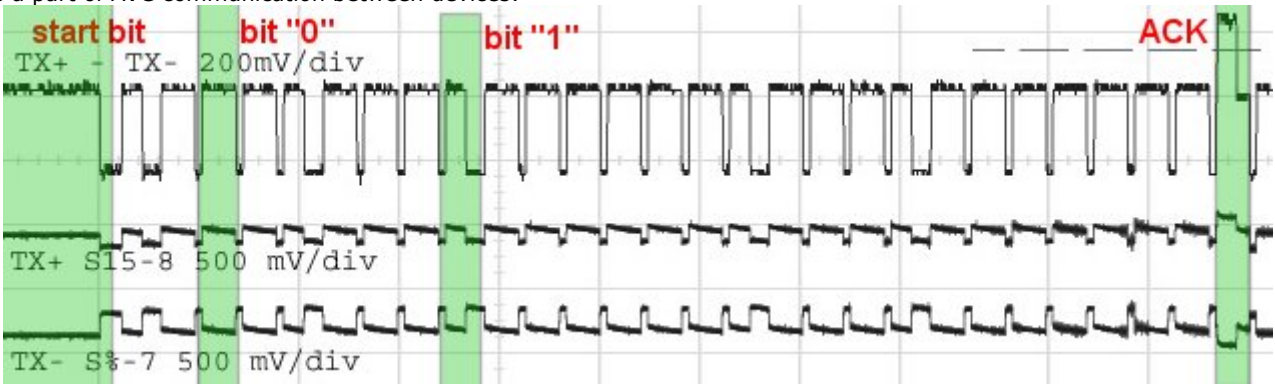
IEbus Bit Format (Concept)



n = Final number of data bytes

After this, we know, that one single bit duration is about 39 uS.
 (390us for 8 bit of data, 1 parity bit and 1 ACK bit : 390/10 = 39)

This is a part of AVC communication between devices:



Now, we can identify logic "0" and logic "1" by count time of duration high state of the transmission line.
 Let single bit duration on the bus is 40 uS. Logic "0" is 33uS high and 7uS low, logic "1" is 20uS high and 20uS low.
 I discover that on transmission layer AVC-Lan is the same as Pioneer (blue) IP-Bus.
 (More information about other **CD Changer Protocols**)

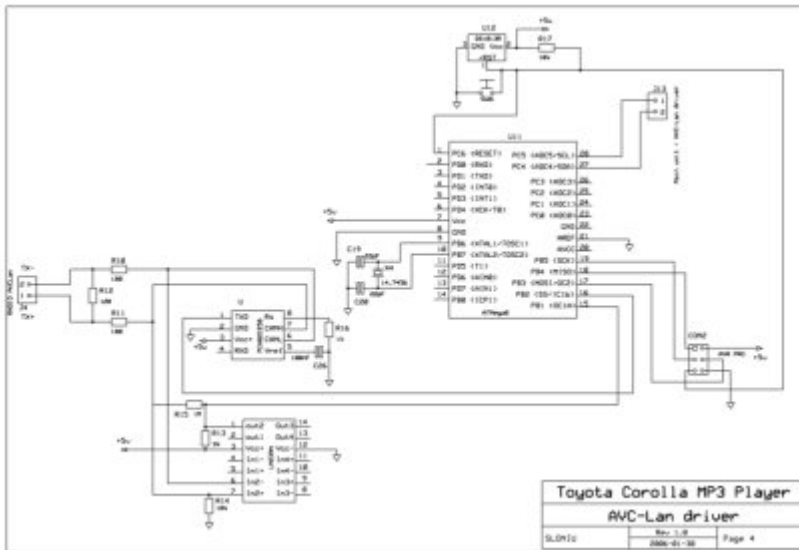
2.2 Hardware layer

Focus that minimal 'low' state is 2 uS ($\frac{2}{1\ 000\ 000}$ sec)! Is it short time? Yes, it is, but not in digital transmission world - read something about CAN network.

Relationship between IEBus Signals and Logical Statuses

| Logical Status | IEBus Signals |
|----------------|-------------------------|
| 0 | (BUS+) – (BUS–) ≥ 120mV |
| 1 | (BUS+) – (BUS–) ≤ 20mV |

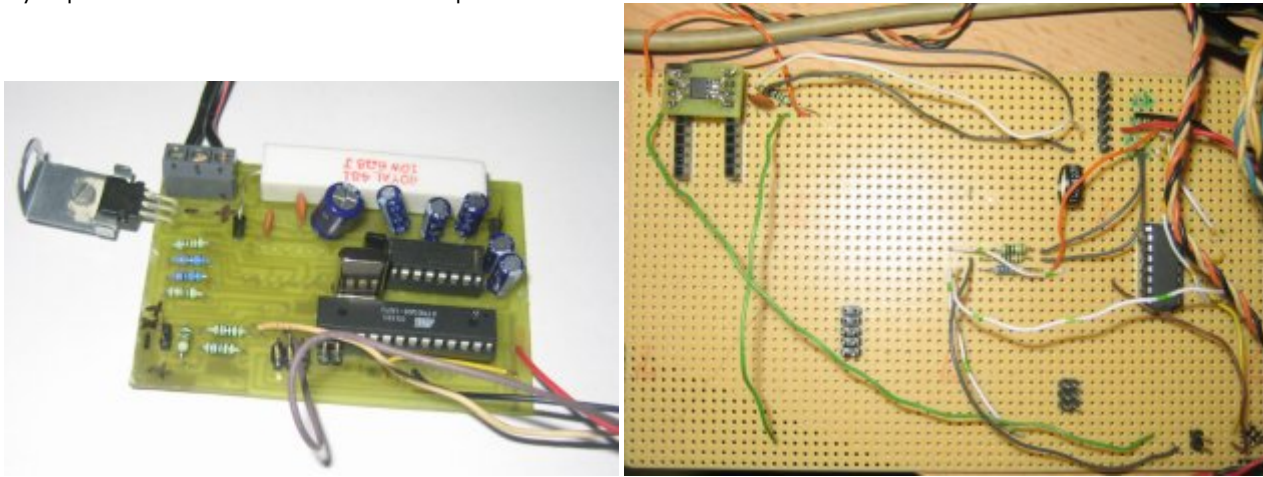
circuit



components

- U - Atmega8
- U - LN239N
- U - PCA82C250
- U - DS1813R (optional)
- R - 2 x 180, 120, 1M, 3k, 2 x 10k
- C - 2 x 22pF, 100nF
- X - 14,7456 MHz

My experimental device and transmission part:



2.3 Protocol layer

Every device in network have unique address.
When single device have more functions, then additional 'logic id' exists.

table : **hardware address and device names**

| | | | | | |
|-----|---------------|-----|--------------|-----|-----------|
| 110 | EMV | 120 | AVX | 128 | 1DIN TV |
| 140 | AVN | 144 | G-BOOK | 160 | AUDIO H/U |
| 178 | NAVI | 17C | MONET | 190 | AUDIO H/U |
| 1AC | CAMERA-C | 180 | Rr-TV | 1C0 | Rr-CONT |
| 1C2 | TV-TUNER2 | 1C4 | PANEL | 1C6 | G/W |
| 1C8 | FM-M-LCD | 1D8 | G/W for Trip | 1EC | Body |
| 1F0 | RADIO TUNER | 1F1 | XM | 1F2 | SIRIUS |
| 230 | TV-TUNER | 240 | CD-CH2 | 250 | DVD-CH |
| 280 | CAMERA | 360 | CD-CH1 | 3A0 | MD-CH |
| 17D | TEL | 440 | DSP-AMP | 530 | ETC |
| 5C8 | MAYDAY | 1A0 | DVD-P | 1D6 | CLOCK |
| 1F4 | RSA | 1F6 | RSE | 480 | AMP |
| 1CC | ST.WHEEL CTRL | | | | |

table : **logic device ID**

| | | | | | |
|----|-------------------------|----|-------------------|----|---------------------|
| 01 | communication ctrl | 58 | navigation ECU | 80 | GPS receiver |
| 21 | SW | 23 | SW with name | 25 | command SW |
| 12 | communication | 60 | tuner | 74 | Audio amplifier |
| 61 | tape deck | 62 | CD | 63 | CD changer |
| 34 | front passenger monitor | 24 | SW converting | 85 | voice control |
| E5 | Trip info | 55 | Bluetooth tel | 56 | information drawing |
| 5D | Climate ctrl drawing | 5E | Audio drawing | 5F | trip info drawing |
| 28 | beep dev in HU | 29 | beep via speakers | E0 | climate ctrl dev |
| 5C | camera | | | | |

Example of command transmission (this it BEEP request , sent by EMV to DSP-AMP):

| | | | | | | | | | | |
|-----|-----|-------|-------|-----|-----|-----|------|------|------|-----|
| 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 | 9 | A | B |
| 0x1 | 0x1 | 0x110 | 0x440 | 0xF | 0x5 | 0x0 | 0x5E | 0x29 | 0x60 | 0x1 |

- 1 start bit
- 2 regular command (not a broadcast)
- 3 master device address : EMV
- 4 slave device address: DSP-AMP
- 5 control field - WRITE data
- 6 length of data: 5 bytes
- 7 0x0 when device-to-device communication; nothing when broadcast
- 8 from logic device id
- 9 to logic device id
- A command
- B-.. command parameters

logged command map (all values in HEX format):
broadcast (C)

going to LAN check mode

0 160 FFF F 3 0 1 C

broadcast (C)

back from LAN check mode

0 160 FFF F 3 12 1 0

broadcast (C)

LAN restart

0 160 FFF F 3 12 1 1

broadcast (C)

any device is use

0 160 FFF F 3 12 1 46

broadcast (C)

xx=60,61,62,63... logic device ID in use

0 160 FFF F 4 12 1 45 xx

broadcast (C)

xx=frequency, yy=0 - radio is oFF, yy=1 - radio is ON

0 160 1FF F D 60 31 F1 yy yy 81 xx xx xx 81 0 80 0

broadcast (C)

AF+REG enable

0 160 1FF F D 60 31 F1 1 1 81 0 1 1 81 10 80 0

broadcast (C)

VOLUME vv=0-FF

0 160 1FF F F 74 31 F1 90 vv 10 10 10 10 10 0 0 0 3 0

broadcast (C)

BASS bb=0B-15 : 0B=-5, 10=0, 15=+5

0 160 1FF F F 74 31 F1 90 vv 10 10 bb 10 10 0 0 0 3 0

broadcast (C)

TREB tt=0B-15 : 0B=-5, 10=0, 15=+5

0 160 1FF F F 74 31 F1 90 vv 10 10 10 10 tt 0 0 0 3 0

broadcast (C)

FADE ff=0B-15 : 0B=F5, 10=0, 15=R5

0 160 1FF F F 74 31 F1 90 vv 10 ff 10 10 10 0 0 0 3 0

broadcast (C)

BALANCE bb=09-17 : 09=Left7, 10=0, 17=Right7

0 160 1FF F F 74 31 F1 90 vv bb 10 10 10 10 0 0 0 3 0

broadcast (C)

TAPE IN

0 160 1FF F 7 61 31 F1 1 4 0 0

broadcast (C)

TAPE PLAY

0 160 1FF F 7 61 31 F1 1 84 0 0

broadcast (C)

DOLBY ON

0 160 1FF F 7 61 31 F1 1 84 0 2

broadcast (C)

SKIP

0 160 1FF F 7 61 31 F1 1 84 40 0

broadcast (C)

REVERSE

0 160 1FF F 7 61 31 F1 1 89 0 0

broadcast (C)

FAST FORWARD

0 160 1FF F 7 61 31 F1 1 88 0 0

broadcast (C)

REPEAT

0 160 1FF F 7 61 31 F1 1 84 10 0

broadcast (C)

RANDOM

0 160 1FF F 7 61 31 F1 1 4 10 0

broadcast (C)

TAPE EJECT

0 160 1FF F 7 61 31 F1 0 3 0 0

broadcast (C)

NO TAPE

0 160 1FF F 7 61 31 F1 0 0 0 0

broadcast (C)

TAPE DECK not ready (??)

0 160 1FF F 4 61 31 9F 0

broadcast (C)

internal CD Player not ready (??)

0 160 1FF F B 62 31 F1 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0

device-to-device (P)

request to play Beep tt=1-?? duration

1 110 440 F 5 0 5E 29 60 dd

device-to-device (P)

press on screen xx,yy - position xx=0-FF, yy=0-FF

1 110 178 F 8 0 21 24 78 xx yy xx yy

device-to-device (P)

BALANCE slide d-direction d=9C up, d=9D down, r=1-4 relative pos.

1 190 440 F 5 0 25 74 d r

device-to-device (P)

BALANCE bb=9-17

1 190 440 F 5 0 25 74 91 bb

device-to-device (P)

FADE ff=9-17

1 190 440 F 5 0 25 74 92 ff

device-to-device (P)

BASS bb=B-15

1 190 440 F 5 0 25 74 93 bb

device-to-device (P)

MID mm=B-15

1 190 440 F 5 0 25 74 94 mm

CD status: ss=10-play, ss=80-load, ss=01-open, ss=02=err1, ss=03-wait

dd-disc no, tt-track no, mm-play time min., ee-play time sec

pp=0-normal, pp=2-disc rand, pp=4-rand,pp=8-disc rep.,pp=10-rep.,pp=20-disc scan,

pp=40-scan

1 360 1FF F B 63 31 F1 01 ss dd tt mm ee pp 80

(C)-logged in Corolla, (P)-logged in Prius

Do you know more?

To be continued....

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Where above informations are hidden.

AVC-Lan

- o **Prius forum** | **Lexus forum** | **Sienna forum**

IE-Bus

- o **NEC**

some CD changer bus

- o **Mictronics** | **Vitat**

MP3 player

- o **Yampp project**

If you have more information about AVCLan - MAIL: **SLONIUI**
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